# THERMOVAC Transmitters TTR 100 / TTR 100 S2



#### Advantages to the User

- Wide measurement range from  $5 \times 10^{-4}$  to 1500 mbar
- Gas-type-independent pressure measurement between 100 mbar and 1500 mbar
- Available with up to two integrated relays (TTR 100 S2)
- Mounts in any orientation
- 0 to 10.3 V analog output for easy system integration
- Compact design
- Flow independent
- Rapid cycling
- Follows true pressure in pump and vent

# **Typical Applications**

- Loadlock control
- Forevacuum pressure monitoring
- Safety circuits in vacuum systems
- General measurement and control in the medium and rough vacuum range
- Control of high vacuum ionization gauges

#### The Pirani Capacitance Diaphragm Gauge is the first vacuum gauge which combines ceramic capacitance diaphragm and thermal conductivity technologies. Unlike standard heat transfer technology, the Oerlikon Leybold Vacuum TTR 100 offers superior accuracy and gas-type-independent readings between 100 mbar and 1500 mbar.

# Option

Dust and other particles may cause increasing measurement errors and reduced lifetime. Therefore we recommend the installation of a fine filter in critical applications. Fine filters are listed in section "General", para. "Connection Accessories for Small Flanges".



Characteristic of the THERMOVAC Transmitters



Dimensional drawing for the TTR 100

# **Technical Data**

# **THERMOVAC** Transmitter

## TTR 100 / TTR 100 S2

Measurement principle	Thermal conductance according to Pirani combined with capacitance diaphragm
Measurement range (air, O <sub>2</sub> , CO, N <sub>2</sub> ) mbar (Torr)	5 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> to 1500 (3.8 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> to 1125)
Accuracy 1 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> to 50 mbar 50 to 950 mbar ATM (atmospheric pressure)	$\pm$ 15% of reading $\pm$ 5% of reading $\pm$ 2.5% of reading
Repeatability	± 2% of reading
Trigger (only TTR 100 S2) Setting range with potentiometer Relay contacts closed open Hysteresis Contact rating Relay status	2 1.5 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> to 1400 mbar N.O. / potential free at low pressure (lamp lit) at high pressure or no supply (lamp off) 10% of threshold 30 V DC / 1 A active: LED, green
Output signal analog Measurement range Voltage vs. pressure	0 to 10.3 V +1.9 to +10.23 V 1.286 V / decade, logarithmic
Output impedance Minimum load impedance Response time	2 x 4.7 Ohm, short circuit-proof 10 kOhm 10 ms
Power supply Voltage (ripple ≤ 1 V <sub>pp</sub> ) Consumption, max. Fuse to be connected	+15 to +30 V DC 2.5 W 1 AT (time delay)
Electrical connection	FCC-68, 8 way with shield
Cable length, max. m	100
Materials exposed to vacuum (process media) Vacuum connection Pirani filament Capacitance sensor cell Feedthrough Other materials	stainless steel tungsten Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> glass Ni, Cu, NiFe, SnAg, AgPd
Internal volume DN 16 ISO-KF cm <sup>3</sup> 1/8" NPT cm <sup>3</sup>	6 8
Over-pressure rating, abs. bar	5
TemperatureOperation (ambient)°CStorage°CBakeout at flange, max.°CFilament temperature°C	+10 to +50 -20 to +65 +80 < 160
Relative humidity	< 80% at temperatures < +31 °C, decreasing to 50% at +40 °C
Mounting orientation any	any
Use	Indoors only, altitudes up to 2000 m NN
Protection class IP	40
Weight DN 16 ISO-KF kg (lbs) 1/8" NPT kg (lbs)	0.09 (0.20) 0.09 (0.20)

### **Ordering Information**

## **THERMOVAC** Transmitter

# TTR 100 / TTR 100 S2

Without switching threshold	
TTR 100, DN 16 KF	Part No. 230 026
TTR 100, 1/8" NPT	Part No. 230 028
With switching threshold	
TTR 100 S2, DN 16 KF	Part No. 230 027
TTR 100 S2, 1/8" NPT	Part No. 230 029
Calibration	see section "Miscellaneous", para. "Oerlikon Leybold Vacuum Calibration Service"
Connection cable, FCC 68 on both ends,	
8 way, shielded	Туре А
5 m	Part No. 124 26
10 m	Part No. 230 012
15 m	Part No. 124 27
20 m	Part No. 124 28
30 m	Part No. 124 29
40 m	Part No. 124 30
50 m	Part No. 124 31
75 m	Part No. 124 32
100 m	Part No. 124 33
Accessories	The installation of a spiral tube is recommended

in connection with applications involving contamination (oil vapors or dusts)

#### Note

- Measurement errors caused by the increased conductance of the component need to be taken into account
- Low vibration mounting must be ensured
- The sensor must be connected at the upper end